# **Proposed Rule**

Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing (AFFH)

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#### TODAY'S SPEAKERS

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#### AGENDA

- Background
- 2. Developing an Equity Plan
- 3. Public Engagement
- 4. Submission Requirements
- 5. Review of Equity Plan
- Revising An Accepted Equity Plan

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# Background

# The Duty to Affirmatively Further Fair Housing stems from the Fair Housing Act

- Prior to AFFH, HUD had agencies complete an Analysis of Impediments
   (AI) to meet their duty to AFFH
- The Act prohibits housing discrimination based on protected class and requires federal agencies to administer all federal housing and urban development programs in a manner to affirmatively further the Fair Housing Act (AFFH)

# Requires recipients of HUD funds to:

- Take meaningful actions to combat discrimination and patterns of segregation
- Foster inclusive communities free from barriers that restrict access to opportunities based on race, religion, national origin, disability, familial status, sexual orientation and gender identity

# **Analysis of Impediments**

- Program participants would identify potential impediments to fair housing choice
- Take appropriate actions to overcome the effects of any impediments
- Maintain records reflecting the analysis and actions taken

# 2010 GAO Report

- The report found that many Als were outdated or out of conformance with HUD Guidance
- HUD had limited regulatory requirements and oversight and enforcement approaches
- Responding to the GAO Report, Obama administration released Final AFFH Rule in 2015

# HISTORY OF AFFH

#### 1968

# Fair Housing Act Passed

Requires HUD and recipients of federal funds to affirmatively further the policies of the Act, which is known as "AFFH."

# 2015

#### Obama Admin. Rule

Required municipalities to examine and create solutions to possible barriers to fair housing and practices that promote bias.

# 2020

# Trump Admin. Replacement

AFFH is replaced with the "Preserving Neighborhood and Community Choice" (PNCC) rule.

# **2021**

#### Biden Admin. Reversal

Biden Admin.
rescinds the PNCC
rule with the
"Restoring
Affirmatively
Furthering Fair
Housing
Definitions and
Certifications"
interim final rule

# **Today**

#### **AFFH Proposed Rule**

HUD releases AFFH proposed rule on Jan. 19 aimed to create "a streamlined, less burdensome" analysis than the 2015 rule that will help program participants establish fair housing goals.

#### 2023 PROPOSED AFFH RULE

# The 2023 Proposed AFFH Rule

- Released on January 19, 2023, with official publication on February 9, 2023
- Comments due April 10, 2023
- Not in effect until HUD published final rule at some point in future

#### 2023 PROPOSED AFFH RULE

# Who Must Comply with AFFH?

- HUD program participants:
  - PHAs
  - Jurisdictions and insular areas that must submit consolidated plans due to:
    - CDBG funding
    - Emergency Solutions Grants (ESG)
    - Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA)
    - Housing Trust Fund (HTF) funding

#### 2023 PROPOSED AFFH RULE

# The new AFFH proposed rule requires program participants to:

- I. Develop an Equity Plan
- 2. Include robust public engagement
- 3. Submit to HUD
- 4. Remain in compliance of the Equity Plan

# Developing an Equity Plan

# ANALYSIS OF THE EQUITY PLAN

- The Equity Plan is the document that:
  - Identifies fair housing issues through data analysis
  - Prioritizes which fair housing issues to overcome in the next three to five years
  - Contains the fair housing goals program participants will implement

# ANALYSIS OF THE EQUITY PLAN

- Program participants must:
  - Submit Equity Plan to HUD
  - Incorporate fair housing goals into planning documents
  - Conduct and submit annual progress evaluations to HUD

# ANALYSIS OF THE EQUITY PLAN

- Program participants must conduct an analysis of their jurisdiction and region to help shape the goals created and prioritized in the Equity Plan
- To develop an analysis, participants should use HUD-provided data, local data, and local knowledge of their area
- HUD will also provide maps
  - AFFH-T Data & Mapping Tool

# CONSIDERATION OF HUD QUESTIONS

- Approximately 60 questions should be considered by program participants in developing their Equity Plan
  - These are grouped into 7 broad areas for consolidated plan recipients and 5 broad areas for PHAs
- HUD expects program participants to answer all questions
- Some questions may have clear answers through the data, others may require additional analysis

# CONSIDERATION OF HUD QUESTIONS

# Questions from HUD focus on the following topics:

- Demographics
- Segregation and integration
- R/ECAPs
- Access to community assets

- Access to affordable housing opportunities
- Access to homeownership and economic opportunity (entities submitting consolidated plans)
- Local and State policies and practices impacting fair housing

# CONSIDERATION OF HUD QUESTIONS – EXAMPLE #1

#### Demographics

- What are the current demographics of the geographic area of analysis by protected class group (race, color, national origin, religion, sex, familial status, and disability) and how have demographics changed over time (e.g., since 1990 or the three last decennial censuses, whichever is shorter)?
- What are the current demographics of residents of different categories of publicly supported housing in the jurisdiction and how have those demographics changed over time?

# CONSIDERATION OF HUD QUESTIONS – EXAMPLE #2

#### Access to Community Assets

- Describe which protected class groups experience significant disparities in access to the following community assets:
  - Education
  - Employment
  - Transportation
  - Low-poverty neighborhoods
  - Environmentally healthy neighborhoods
  - Other community assets

#### FAIR HOUSING GOALS

### Program participants must:

- Develop an Equity Plan that focuses on at least 7 or 5 areas of core fair housing goal categories
- Identify fair housing issues they plan to address in the next three to five years
- Prioritize short-term and long-term goals

(HUD recognizes that all goals may not be fully achieved in the first five-year cycle)

#### FAIR HOUSING GOALS

#### Fair housing goal categories include:

- Policies and practices that impede affordable housing in areas of opportunity, including housing for those with disabilities
- Inequitable distribution of local resources, which may include municipal services and investments in infrastructure
- 3. Discrimination or violations of civil rights law related to housing or community assets

- 4. Segregation and integration
- 5. R/ECAPs
- 6. Disparities in access to opportunity
- 7. Access to affordable housing and homeownership opportunities

# Public Engagement

### DURING DEVELOPMENT OF AN EQUITY PLAN

- Program participants must engage with the public before and after
- Must hold at least 3 public meetings in various accessible locations at different times
- At least one meeting must be held in an underserved community within a program participant's jurisdiction
- Feedback should be taken from underserved populations who do not live in underserved neighborhoods

#### COMBINED ENGAGEMENT

### **Engagement can be combined with:**

- Other community, resident, or citizen participation affiliated with HUD programs
- Applicable citizen participation plan requirements (for those with a consolidated plan)
- Efforts to obtain Resident Advisory Board and community feedback, and address complaints for its PHA Plan (for PHAs)

# WHILE AN EQUITY PLAN IS IN EFFECT

- Program participants must engage with their communities on an annual basis
- Must hold at least 2 public meetings in various accessible locations at different times
- Should make data and information of fair housing issues available to the public

# PARTICIPANTS WITH A JOINT EQUITY PLAN

- Engagement can be conducted together or separately
- Some requirements govern when and how program participants may collaborate

# Submission Requirements

### SUBMISSION DEADLINES OF FIRST EQUITY PLAN

- Submission deadlines for consolidated plan program participants vary by how much grant funding a program participant receives
- Submission deadlines for PHAs vary by the number of combined public housing and voucher units and agency has
- WILL ALSO DEPEND UPON PUBLICATION OF FINAL RULE

PHAs with 50,000 or more total units: Must submit first Equity Plan no later than 24 months after the effective date of the regulation or 365 days before the date for which a new five-year plan is due following the start of the fiscal year that begins on or after Jan. 1, 2024, whichever is earlier

PHAs with 10,000-49,999 total units: Must submit fist Equity Plan no later than 365 days prior to the date for which a new five-year plan is due following the start of the fiscal year that begins on or after Jan. 1, 2025

PHAs with 1,000-9,999 total units: Must submit first Equity Plan no later than 365 days prior to the date for which a new five-year plan is due following the start of the fiscal year that begins on or after Jan. 1, 2026

**PHAs with < 1,000 total units:** Must submit first Equity Plan no later than 365 days prior to the date for which a new five-year plan is due following the start of the fiscal year that begins on or after Jan. 1, 2027

#### FAIR HOUSING PLANS

- Program Participants must engage in fair housing planning prior to submitting their Equity Plan
- Modes of Fair Housing Planning: Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing and or Assessment of Fair Housing
- Fair Housing Plans should be updated every 5 years and sent to HUD for review
- This should continue until an Equity Plan is required to be submitted to HUD

#### NEW PROGRAM PARTICIPANTS

- Program Participants that have not submitted a consolidated plan or PHA plan 30 days after the effective date will receive a new date
- They will have at least 24 months after the date to submit

#### PROGRESS EVALUATIONS

 Participants must submit annual progress evaluations after their Equity Plan is approved by HUD

### SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT EQUITY PLANS

- Shall submit within a year from the date for which new consolidated plans or PHA plans are due
- All plans shall be submitted at least once every 5 years
- All participants must certify that their submissions are true and accurate

### Review of Equity Plan

#### 60-DAY REVIEW PERIOD

- After the submission of an Equity Plan HUD will publish the submittal and conduct a review within 60 days
- The public may submit comments during this process

### ACCEPTED EQUITY PLANS

- Unless rejected or comments are extended HUD will accept the Equity Plan within 100 days
- Plans may be accepted, but not reviewed
- Therefore, participants can have HUD accepted plans while not being in compliance with AFFH

### REJECTED EQUITY PLANS

- HUD will provide a notice explaining why a plan is rejected
- The notice will include revision procedures and may be published
- Participants will have 60 days from the notice to resubmit
- Review by HUD may last up to 75 calendar days from when it is received
- If still not accepted, the same revision procedures will begin again

### REJECTED EQUITY PLANS

### **Reasons for Rejection:**

- Not complying with the AFFH rule
- Violations of civil rights laws
- Does not identify fair housing issues
- Goals do not result in meaningful change
- Does not contain required certifications

- Goals only focus on compliance of nondiscrimination laws
- No community engagement
- Contradicting data or evidence
- Does not acknowledge fair housing issues

### REJECTED EQUITY PLANS

- Special assurances must be made with HUD if an Equity Plan is not accepted by the submission date of the consolidated plan or PHA plan
- Funding to a program participant may be in jeopardy if special assurances with HUD are not executed

### Revising An Accepted Equity Plan

### REVISING AN ACCEPTED EQUITY PLAN

- Accepted Plans must be revised when a material change occurs
- Participants may have the option to revise in scenarios where their analysis changes, impacting steps to achieve AFFH
- Those with an originally rejected Equity Plan that have been resubmitted and accepted may revise their plan within 120 days of submitting

### **AFFH Certifications**

#### AFFH CERTIFICATIONS

- Program Participants must be certified that they will affirmatively further fair housing
- Proposed rule details procedures for challenging the validity of the AFFH certification

# Recordkeeping

### RECORDKEEPING

 Program participants must establish and maintain sufficient records to determine their compliance of AFFH

### Compliance Procedures

### COMPLIANCE PROCEDURES

- Complaints may be made by an individual, association, or other organization to HUD if a program participant fails to comply with the proposed rule
- Complaints will be investigated by HUD and a voluntary resolution will be sought
- Absent a voluntary resolution, a Letter of Findings will be issued

### LETTER OF FINDINGS

### The Letter will include:

- Findings of fact and conclusions of law
- A remedy for each violation
- A notice of rights and procedures
- A notice for the letter to be reviewed within 30 days

### LETTER OF FINDINGS

- Upon request, review will occur within 120 days
- Absent a request for review, the Letter of Findings will be the formal determination

#### PROCEDURES FOR EFFECTING COMPLIANCE AND HEARINGS

### If voluntary compliance does not occur HUD may:

- Send a referral to the Department of Justice
- Initiate administrative proceedings
- Initiate debarment
- Move forward with other applicable proceeding under state or local law
- Cut Funding

## NAHRO Thoughts

#### NAHRO THOUGHTS ON AFFH

- NAHRO strongly supports the Fair Housing Act and the Duty to Affirmatively Further Fair Housing
- Additional funding is needed to complete equity plans
- The AFFH rule should have different requirements for entities of different sizes
- There should be a safe harbor such that HUD certifies entities that make a good faith effort to comply with the rule are in compliance

#### NAHRO THOUGHTS ON AFFH

- Entities should not be forced to complete analyses on factors falling outside the scope of their operations (E.g., PHAs should not be forced to complete analyses transportation, education, employment, etc.)
- Entities should not be responsible for outcomes outside of their control
- Maps and other HUD-provided should be clearer
- PHAs should not be required to hire consultants to complete analyses

### QUESTIONS?

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